The New York Store

Established 1853.

LINENS go on sale to-day. How about the Table Linen, the Napkins and Towels? Are they wearing thin?

Now vour chance to replace them.

Pettis Dry Goods Co

SCORED THE TOWN BOARD.

Citizens Call the Work of Haughville Solons Rotten.

The Town Board of Haughville held a regular meeting last night. A number of citizens disturbed the meeting and persisted in loudly declaiming the fact that the board was very rotten in its general work. One partially sober individual, who declared that he was a heavy taxpayer, was particularly demonstrative, and so much so that he had to be thrown out several times. Jacob Emrich, a resident of the newlyannexed portion in the northern district, made a vigorous protest against the accepted grade of the improvement to be made on Bismarck avenue. He said that the grade would make the northern portion of the improvement a veritable mudhole. He wanted it changed so that the water would flow on to adjacent lots, and not remain on the roadway. The board consoled Emrich with the promise to consider his arguments later on. The electric light bill for the month of December, amounting to \$179.17, was ordered paid. Other bills

amounting to \$18 were allowed. The interest of the evening was aroused when the members of the School Board asked permission of the Town Board to buy three or four lots on which to build a new schoolhouse. The cost of these lots was not to be over \$750, and they were to be selected from the land immediatly north of Grand avenue and east of Tremont avenue. There seems to be two sections of the Democratic boards of Haughville. The Town Board is composed of that element desirous of being known as the "progressive" party, while the School Board is considered of the old Jeffersonian Democracy. When these two bodies meet there is generally some hitch, and so it was last night. The Town Board thought that the sum of \$750 was a great sum to be risked in the hands of the School Board, and the School Board was ready to swear that they were intending to act honorably in the matter. The Town Board evidently did not believe the School Board, for the members said that before they could allow or grant any such power to the School Board the exact cost and situation of the lots should be gives. The School Board said not a word, out their looks spoke volumes.

A BOLD NEGRO THIEF.

He Fires Upon His Pursuers, and They Give Up the Chase.

There was an exciting chase after a bold thief on North Illinois street last night, in which several of the residents of the street participated. About 7 o'clock Miss Anna Schantz and Mrs. Sue Morgan, who reside at No. 300 North Illinois street, were returning to their home. As they reached the alley known as Allegheny street a negro attempted to snatch a pocketbook from the hand of Miss Schantz. She screamed, held the tighter to her purse and grabbed hold of Mrs. Morgan's wrist. The negro pulled at the pocketbook, but the young lady still held to it and also to the elder lady. Both were dragged into the alley, all the while keeping up a lusty screaming for help. Their cries soon brought assistance and men rushed from the houses about. negro took to his heels and was fol

lowed by several persons residing in the neighborhood, among whom was Police Surgeon Dr. Earp. The negro had a good start of his pursuers and was not cvertaken. A man in a buggy who heard the screams and saw the negro dash down the alley started in pursuit in his vehicle. He was gaining on the thief when the latter turned and fired two shots at him. The balls whisked past the man's head close enough to cause him to give up the chase. Mrs. Morgan described the negro as a short heavy-set man and very black. She is posi-tive she could identify him.

BABY HANGED ITSELF.

Peculiar Death of the Infant Child of John Kuhler.

Coroner Beck was yesterday afternoon notified of the death, in a peculiar manner, of the seven-months-old son of John Kuhler, a cigarmaker employed by John Rauch and residing on Hamilton avenue. The mother of the child had rocked it to sleep and then placed it in a baby carriage while she went to call another of her children. There was ahole in the front of the carriage, which had been patched up by drawing twine back and forth across it. During the absence of the mother the child slipped down in the carriage and through this hole. Its head caught upon the twine which had been used in patching up the hole, and hung the child suspended from the front of the buggy. When the mother returned she found her child hanging with its feet several inches from the floor. The mother rushed to the carriage and drew the child out, but it was dead. She had been gone about ten minutes, and from appearances it would seem that the child must have slipped through the hole soon after her departure and hung there all the time. A physician was called, but the child was dead when found by its mother.

A Dead Infant Found.

The body of an infant girl was found on the canal bank near Blackford street yesterday morning, and was taken to the coroner's office. The body had been wrapped in a paper and then placed in a large glass jar. The jar had been broken, and the pieces of broken glass were lying about the body of the child when it was found. It was a colored child, and it is thought it was born alive. There is no clew as to who placed the body where it was found.

Arrested a Fugitive. Creed Dehoney, colored, was arrested by detectives Kinney and Richards, last night, and held as a fugitive. The arrest was upon information received from Terre Haute saying that he was wanted at that place for embezzlement and grand larceny. Charles Tryon is also wanted at the same place for the same offenses. Both of the men have served terms in the southern prison for crimes committed at Terre

Held as Suspects.

John Woods and James Howard were arrested, last night, by detectives Kinney and Richards, on Kentucky avenue and held for loitering and associating with thieves. This charge is made for the purpose of holding the men while the officers can investigate evidence which, it is thought, will connect them with the bold robbery on a College-avenue car, by which Barney Schonfield lost a diamond scarf pin.

The City Puts Nearly Thirty Additional Men to Work.

Another lot of They Are to Be Paid with Rations from the Relief Committee-At the Food Market.

> Twenty-eight of the men sent to the street commissioner by the Commercial Club relief committee were put to work yesterday on the streets. Nine were put to work cleaning South-side streets, ten on the North-side streets and the remainder on the asphalts. The committee promised to send fifty men, but it is believed that about half failed to receive the notices sent them by the committee. Nearly all the men sent were men who have been employed on the streets during the summer by the city. Street Commissioner Fisher says that he will be able to only give one day's employment to fifty men unless the Board of Works make him a bigger allowance for teams. Twenty-five men will keep ten teams busy hauling away the dirt. The commissioner is limited to \$300 a week by the board. It would not do, he says, to have the dirt piled up on the streets without enough teams to carry it away. The men sent by the Commercial Club committee are to receive 12½ cents an hour, payment to be made in rations. There was some complaint among the men because they were to receive rations instead of

All day yesterday the basement of the courthouse was crowded with men discussing the refusal of the city to put to work all men who came. A number in the crowd were men who were known to remain idle when times were prosperous and they were for the most part the men who talked loudest. One or two wanted to form an organization and demand \$1.50 a day wages for all men who were put to work by the city at the instance of the relief committee, the wages to be paid in money instead tee, the wages to be paid in money instead of rations. Several called a meeting for this evening in the Criminal Court room. The Board of Works is not yet ready to put men to work at Garfield Park digging the lake, although gangs may be sent down there before the week is out. Work has the contractors claiming that they cannot get the full value of a man's service with a pick when the ground is hardened by the weather. The work on the East Washington-street sewer has been temporarily sus-

AT THE FOOD MARKET.

Couple of Cases of Fraud Uncarthed-

Several Donations Made. The number of applicants for supplies at the food market yesterday was not nearly so large as on the preceding day. It was noticed, too, that many of those who stood about with their market baskets possessed an air of timidity that indicated better days. Up to the time of closing last night there had been about 125 orders filled. Manager Dill makes a special request of citizens to keep the relief committee posted on cases of poverty that chance to come under their notice. It is the desire of the committee to investigate every case of destitution in the city.

Yesterday a letter was received at the market exposing a family living on East Court street, which was preparing to apply for supplies. The writer stated that the head of the household had daily employment, while his wife presented herself on the street in costly attire and wearing a gold watch and chain. Another case of fraud was brought to light yesterday evening. Some one wrote a postal card appeal-ing to the committee in behalf of a notorious woman residing on Wabash street. The writer said that the woman was in great distress, and that her condition would be vouched for by her landlord. The signature of the latter was on the card. He was seen and denied knowing anything of the

The following donations were received at the market yesterday: Commercial Travelers' Association, 100 pounds backbone; V Bachman, avenue flouring mills, 200 pounds of flour; G. A. VanPelt, 400 pounds of hominy; Dr. W. V. Morgan, 300 loaves of bread, ten each morning for thirty days.

Yesterday's Subscriptions.

The citizens' finance committee met last night in the assembly room of the Commercial Club. Subscriptions to the fund reported by members of the committee were

	ported by members of the committee	e were
	as follows:	
1	L. Vonnegut	\$100.00
н	Franklin Vonnegut	50.00
-	J. B. Allfree Manufacturing Co	45.00
1	Charles L. Schwartz	24.00
Н	W. W. Sickler	10.00
ı	R. Oehler	5.00
1	D. H. Prunk	5.00
ı	C. Habich & Co	15.00
ı	F. E. Wolcott	2.00
H	H. Ringold	5.00
ı	I. F. Reeder	2.00
ı	M. H. Farrell	5.00
П	L. H. Renkert	2.00
н	Lee Burnett	1.00
ı	Day's Aurora tea store	2.00
ı	Charles J. loor	2.00
П	Fred Berger	10.00
ı	Louis Murr	5.00
ı	Joseph Ratti	100.00
8	C. C. Kistner	
	H. Koen	
ш	Fred Barnard	5.00
ı	Louis Siersdorfer	5.00
١		125.7.25120
H	J. W. Bryan Danbury Hat Company	10.00
B	Hunter's tea store	5.00
H	Tailor & Lay	5.00
ı	Sol S. Kiser	10.00
P	C. McGuire	10.00
ı	S. S. Rhodes	10.00
М	B. Kaufman & Son	10.00
	L. Nier	2.00
	George Eitel	5.00
ı	Jacob Wachstetter	5.00
ı	George F. Traub	5.00
8	T. W. Parker	10.00
ı	M. D. Kaufman	10.00
1	L. A. Catt	100.00
1	Terre Haute Brewing Company	
ш	M. L. Hainer	25.00
H	Employes Indianapolis Abattoir	20.00
	works	103.80
	L. W. Drew	31.78
	H P Wasson	100.00
1	Previously reported	13,365.66
1	Total	14,283.24
	Food subscriptions-	

Samuel Delzell, twenty bushels of wheat, Val Bachman, one barrel of flour per

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mrs. William Scott and guest, Miss Wilder, went to Chicago yesterday for a short

Mrs. John C. Dean will not receive today, her regular reception being post-

Miss Katherine Davis, of Cincinnati, is the guest of Miss Susan Chipman, on West St. Joe street. Miss Burkhardt and Miss Elliott, of Cincinnati, are the guests of the Misses Er-

win at the Denison. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bender, of Muncie, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Stone, have returned home. Miss Florence Day and Miss Landers, of San Francisco, who has been her guest

for the holidays, left yesterday for Smith Rev. and Mrs. Stanley, of Terre Haute, who have been the guests of Judge and Mrs. L. C. Walker and family, have re-

turned home

Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Rumpler returned home yesterday from their bridal trip through the South. They will be at home at their residence, No. 301 Bellefon-Mrs. Belle Conrey, of Shelbyville, president of the Matinee Musicale Society of

that city, has been visiting Dr. and Mrs. Hacker at Woodruff Place. She will return home to-day. Mrs. Charles Millard gave a very delightful dancing party last evening for the friends of her son, Mr. Charles S. Miliard,

ir., who is home from Yale. There were about forty guests. Misses Emma and Fannle Atkins returned East yesterday. Miss Emma will re-enter Bryn Mawr, and Miss Fannie will visit friends for a few weeks before going to

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Gates, who have been residing in Chicago, will come to this city this week to live. Mr. Gates will go into business. They will reside with Mrs. Gates's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. At-

Memphis to visit her sister, Mrs. N. A.

kins, on North Meridian street. Mrs. E. C. Atkins gave a very pretty luncheon yesterday in honor of Mrs. John M. Judah, of Memphis, Tenn. The table ornamentation consisted of a silver candelabra with white candles, and yellow shades set on a handsomely warought center piece of white and yellow. The members of the party were Mrs. Judah. Mrs.

AT STREET CLEANING P. H. Jameson, Mrs. John H. Carey, Mrs. Charles Rockwood, Mrs. Henry Coburn and the Misses Emma and Fannie Atkins.

Mr. Joseph Hanna and Mr. William Heath, of Lafayette, are the guests of Mr. H. H. Hanna's family, on North Pennsylvania street. Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Hanna gave a dinner party for their son and guests, the company numbering eight-

een young people. Miss Nellie Willard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Willard, and Mr. Carlton T. Herrick, of Paterson, N. J., were married at Paterson early this week. Mr. S. L. Morrison accompanied Miss Willard east. Mr. S. L. Morrison accompanied Miss Willard east. Mr. Miss William east. Mr. Miss

Mrs. Quincy A. Myers and children, of Logansport, are the guests of Mrs. Myers's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Cornelius, on North Meridian street. Mrs. Cornelius and daughter, Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Helwig, and Miss Cornelius, will receive their friends informally at their residence, No. 521 North Meridian street, Friday afternoon, from 3 to 6 o'clock.

Mrs. W. C. Lynn will go to Evansville to-day to make a visit and to attend the marriage of her niece, Miss Blanche Webb, who is well known to a large circle of friends in this city, to Mr. Graham Lee, of Rock Island, Ill., who is now a missionary in Korea. The marriage will take place the 10th, and the newly married couple will leave very soon for their home in the distant land.

The Rev. John H. Ketcham and wife celebrated the twenty-ninth anniversary of their marriage last night, and their home, No. 353 North Illinois street, was the scene of a very pleasant party attended by all the ministers of the Indianapolis district of the Indiana Conference with their wives. The Rev. J. S. Tevis was also present as a specially invited guest, though not a member of the Indianapolis district, of which Mr. Ketcham is the presiding eider.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jordan entertained their home, on North Meridian street. The only others invited were the members of the music committee of the church, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Perkins and Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Atkins. During the evening a musical programme was presented by the quartet of the new choir, which will take its position Sunday. The new choir includes Mrs. Danforth Brown, soprano; Miss Helen Walker, alto; Mr. Morris Meck, tenor, and Mr. R. R. Buchanan, basso. Mr. Buchanan will also be the choir director. Miss Minnie Deiner, who is the organist, was also one of the company and assisted in the musical part of the entertainment. MATINEE MUSICALE.

The programme at the Matinee Musicale yesterday afternoon was a miscellaneous one and was in charge of Miss Maxwell and Miss Willard. There was the largest attendance of the year at any of the regular entertainments. There were many strangers from out of town, among them being Dr. and Mrs. George Parker, of Syracuse University; Mrs. Conrey, president of the Shelbyville Matinee Musicale; Miss Castleman, of Louisville, and others. The programme introduced several new musicians, Miss May Aufderheide and Miss Paula Kipp, who are recent acquisitions to the society. They gave brilliant performances. The first number was the "Peer Gynt Suite," by Grieg, played by the two young ladies. Miss Aufderheide also played a sonata by Weber. The latter was one of the most finished bits of instrumentation that any member of the society has offered and showed technical skill and broad comprehension. The pianiste was warmly applauded. Dr. Parker is a musician of the nighest cultivated school and his presentation of two numbers was as delicate and as clean cut as a cameo. The compositions selected by Mr. Parker were a prelude by Stojowski and "At Night," by Schuytte. Mr. Will C. Sterne was heard with delight. He played "Cavatina," by De Muth, so exquisitely that he was recalled. Then he gave the intermezzo from the "Rusticana," which he does so beautifully. Miss May Johnson was in fine voice and sang the "Herbstgefuehl," by Nevin, with violin obligato by Mr. Sterne. For this she was honored with a recall and she repeated the number. Miss Louise Schrader sang with fine dramatic spirit a "Song of Sunshine, by Thomas, and her voice showed to great advantage in the number. After the programme tea and wafers were served by the ladies of the society. The room was made attractive with plants and flowers, and a handsome extension lamp with a crimson shade stood by the daintily arranged tea table. Previous to the meeting of the musicale a called meeting was held for the purpose of forming a choral class, which will be under the instruction of Mr. Y. X. Arens. The class will meet every Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the School of Music and the purpose is to have a choir of trained voices for the performance of high-class choral work before the musicale. The members who have signed for the work are Mrs. J. S. Jenckes, Mrs. W. C. Lynn, Miss Esther Swain, Miss Wintfred Willard, Miss May Johnson, Miss Nettie Dietrichs, Miss Bessie Beck, Miss Sarah T. Meigs, Mrs. H. A. Dill, Mrs. J. L. Lilly, Mrs. J. G. Cox, Mrs. Henry Schurmann Mrs. U. J. Hammond, Mrs. S. L. Morrison, Miss Paula Kipp, Miss May Aufderheide, Mrs. H. O. Pantzer, Mrs. W. J. Chidester, Mrs. D. F. Appel and Miss Essie Messing.

MISS ROBINSON'S MUSICALE. Miss Josephine Robinson gave one of the handsome entertainments of the holiday season last evening at the Propylacum, and was hostess for a large number of her musical friends and others who enjoy music. The guests of honor were Miss V. V. Nicholas, soprano, and Miss Jane Castleman, violinist, both of Louisville. guests were ushered into the east parlor, which was very prettily adorned with palms and flowers. Palms formed a frame for the plano and the musicians. When the guests had assembled, they were treated to a most delightful and varied programme. opening number was given by Mr. W. H. Donley, who played "Stella," by Satter. Mr. Donley has been heard frequently as an organist, but he has appeared but few times as a planist, and his friends and others were much pleased at the beauty of his playing and the delicate interpretation of the selection. Mr. William C. Sterne was the next to favor the gathering with a violin solo, which was an adagio from a suite by Ries, and it was given with all the completeness which characterizes his work. Miss Nicholas is a most charming singer, and her highly cultured voice in the difficult selection "The Nightingale," by Delibes, showed to its best advantage. Miss Nicholas has flexibility and power. In the "Ave Maria," by Gounod, with a violin obligato by Miss Castleman, and in the closing song, a "Lullaby," by Jocelyn, as well as in several encore numbers, Miss Nicholas's voice showed her versatility as a vocalist. Miss Castleman is an excellent player on the violin. Miss Castleman has made a most happy beginning in her accomplishment. The "Andante Religioso," by Thome, required smooth and flexible bowing, and the "Romance," by Hollaender, a light and delicate handling, so that both gave opportunity for Miss Castleman. She has so graceful a personality in addition to her music that her appearance was doubly pleasing. Both visitors were most cordially greeted, and the eight numbers on the daintily printed programmes became almost The song by Mr. Maurice Butler, "The Quest," by Miss Eleanor Smith, was sung with his accustomed richness of tone and expression

KIRKWOOD-PEGG.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., Jan. 3.-Clement E. Kirkwood, a well-known young business man of this city, and Miss Syra Pegg were united in marriage this evening at the home of the bride, Rev. J. H. Jackson, of the First M. E. Church, performed the cere-

CITY NEWS NOTES.

The bond of D. F. Allen as State Tax Commissioner was filed with the Secretary of State yesterday.

The Bluffton Oil Company, with a capital stock of \$50,000, was incorporated vesterday. The object of the company is to drill for oil and natural gas. The directors are Jeremiah North, Louis S. Davenport, Sylvester Breckenridge, George F. McFerren and Hugh Daugherty.

Suspected of Theft. Louis Cummings, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon by patrolman Richardson for grand larceny. Cummings went to a house on Indiana avenue where he offered to sell a new suit of fine clothes for ridiculously low price. The suspicions of the person to whom the clothes were ofered were aroused by the price asked and a telephone message was sent to the police station. The officer was sent to the scene and arrested Cummins. Earlier in the day two suits of clothes were stolen from a wagon of the American Express Company, while it was standing in front of Paul Krauss's furnishing store on East Washington street. and it is supposed that the clothes offered for sale by Cummings are a part of those

stolen from the wagon.

Charles Koesters a Director. The Industrial Saving and Loan Association, No. 2, has elected the following officers for the fifth year: President, August Plank: vice president, John Lauck; secretary, Peter Ohleyer; treasurer, George F. Borst; directors, John G. Ohleyer, Louis Held, Frank Straubar, Joseph L. Spitznagel and Charles

Koesters. As staple as sugar, and equally if not more useful is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

HE RECEIVES NO PAY

County Commissioners Refuse Dr. Eisenbeiss's Allowance.

They Say His Services Were of No Avail in the Wagner Case-Burial Contract.

The County Commissioners have disallowed the bills of Dr. Eisenbeiss for the analyses made in the Koesters cases. There were five bills in all, aggregating \$1,200. For the analyses in the cases of Frank L. and Clara Koesters, in which a quantitative as well as a qualitative analysis was made, Dr. Eisenbeiss asked \$300 for each analysis; in the other three cases he asked for \$200 for each analysis. The commissioners were unanimous in their vote to disallow the bills upon the grounds that the services were of no value.

Dr. Eisenbeiss was seen last night and said that he would bring suit against the commissioners for the amount if the bills were not paid. The analyses, he said, are for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not there be poison in the stomachs, and the bills are due even if no poison be found. Dr. Eisenbeiss did not think his allowance should depend upon the conviction. The amounts of the bills, he said, were reasonable, and were less than they the members of the old and new choirs of | had paid in other cases; he cited the Jenthe First Baptist Church, last evening, at | nie Carr case, in which they had paid him \$300 for a qualitative analysis.

The bills were O. K.'d by Coroner Beck, and he said last night he thought Dr. Eisenbeiss should be allowed a reasonable amount for his services. The coroner said he was no chemist, and did not know what would be a reasonable amount, but after this was ascertained by the commissioners they should allow that amount to Dr. Efsenbeiss for his work. He said in the ease of Moses Smith and his son, who were asphyxiated at North Indianapolis, the commissioners allowed Drs. Geiss and Latz \$425 for chemical analyses of the stomachs. They also allowed Dr. Benton \$275 for an analysis of the stomach in the Sullivan case. This was a case where death was due to a mistake on the part of a drug clerk. None of these cases was ever taken into the courts and the commissioners did not judge the value of the services by the verdicts rendered. There was also a bill for \$50 for the analysis of the portion of the contents of

passed over till another day. THAT BURIAL CONTRACT.

he box of "Rough on Rats" submitted to

Dr. Eisenbeiss. The commissioners took

no action at all upon this bill, and it was

Commissioners Likely to Have a Lawsuit About It-Another Bid.

Now the County Commissioners are trying to take it back. That is, their action in awarding to Collier & Murphy the contract for burying the county poor at a higher figure than was bid by the firm of Foutz & Fitzhugh. When the latter firm learned that the contract had been awarded to Collier & Murphy they at once took steps to demand their legal rights through the channel of the law. They employed Harmon J. Everett to insist that the commissioners make their action conform to the statutes and award the contract to the lowest bidder. The attorney was instructed to bring suit, if necessary, to compel the commissioners to make their award in compliance with the law. He called upon the commissioners yesterday and when they found that a legal fight was probable and their action would be aired in the courts if it was not rescinded, they told Mr. Everett that the lowest bidder would get the contract and they intended to reopen the question and it was possible that the contract would be relet.

Yesterday another bid of the firm of Collier & Murphy was discovered, which was a little lower than the one made public yesterday. One of the bids was for coffins and the other for caskets, the one for caskets being the one quoted yesterday. The difference between a casket and a coffin is that the former is better finished and has a great deal more work upon it. Caskets have never been used in the county burials. The bids of the two firms are given below, showing the difference in their prices: F. & F., 3 feet and under, with hack, \$4.55. C. & M., same, \$6. F. & F., 3 feet and under, no hack, \$3.05;

C. & M., same, \$4.55. F. & F., 3 to 5 feet, with hack, \$7.95; C & M., same, \$9. F. & F., 3 to 5 feet, no hack, \$6.45; C. & M., same, \$7.55. F. & F., 5 feet and over, with hack, \$11.15; C. & M., same, \$9. F. & F., 5 feet and over, no hack, \$9.65; C. & M., same, \$7.55. On these bids Collier & Murphy are lower only on the larger sized coffins. On all sizes the totals of Foutz & Fitzhugh are \$23.65 with hacks and \$19.75 without hacks; Collier & Murphy's bid amounts to \$24 with and \$19.65 without hacks. This makes the bid of Foutz and Fitzhugh 35 cents less per burial with and 50 cents less per burial without hacks. It is estimated that there will be 150 burials per year under the contract. Of this number it is estimated 100 will be of the smaller sizes, 10 in the intermediate and 40 in the large size. Under the two bids Foutz & Fitzhugh would do the work for \$980.50 and Collier & Murphy for \$1,050, making a difference of \$69.50 in favor of the former firm. This is the difference which the County Commissioners thought it not worth their while to consider and which could not offset the political "pull" of Martin Murphy. The firm of Foutz & Fitzhugh, however, believe they are entitled to the contract, the political "pull" of anyone

legal rights GARFIELD AND CONKLING.

notwithstanding, and will demand their

A Little Inside History of the Efforts to Effect a Reconciliation.

In the January Century Senator Dawes writes of the feud between President Garfield and Senator Conkling, and thus describes the speech of Conkling before the committee of conciliation, of which Senator

It was at this stage of the controversy that the committee of conciliation came into being. Five persons, representing as well as could be all sides of this controversy, were requested to act as that committee; and at the suggestion, I believe, of the Senator himself I acted as its chairman. Mr. Conkling appeared before that committee in behalf of himself and the party grievances he represented, and was heard in one of the committee rooms of the Senate at great length in recounting wrongs and insisting upon the drastic remedy of extermination of the hostile faction in New

York as the only cure. On that occasion he surpassed himself in all those elements of oratorical power for which he was so distinguished. I nad heard him in all his great efforts from the day he entered Congress, more than twenty years before, but I had never heard anything which equaled this effort for flights of oratorical power-genuine eloquence, bitter denunciation, ridicule of the despised faction in New York and contempt for its

He continued for two hours and a half to play with consummate skill upon all the strings known to the orator, and through all the notes, from the lowest to the highest, which the great masters command. and concluded in a lofty apostrophe to the greatness and glory of the Republican party, and his own devotion to its highest welfare. "And," said he, "I trust that the exigency may never arise when I shall be compelled to choose between self-respect and personal honor on the one side, and a temporary discomfiture of that party on the other; but if that time shall ever come, I shall not hesitate in the choice, and I now say to you, and through you to those whom it most concerns, that I have an autograph letter of this President who is now for the time being its official head,

which I pray God I may never be compelled in self-defense to make public; but if that time shall ever come, I declare to you, his friends, he will bite the dust." It was deemed absolutely necessary to get possession of this letter, or at least to learn the contents of a missive thus held over the head of the President. A time had been fixed to hear the President's side of the controversy, and it was arranged that I should in some way, without violating the confidences of the conference with Conkling. if there were any such, ascertain from the President himself the nature of this mysterious document. I accordingly went to the White House for that purpose a half hour in advance of the committee, and, without disclosing our interview with the

President was aware of such a use of any such letter. Almost my first inquiry brought out this response: "Oh, you allude to a letter Conkling is saying that he has of mine, and which he represents to be a pret-ty bad one. I know what it is, and have a copy of it." He treated the whole matter lightly and as of no consequence; and remarking that he had heard of this before, took the letter from his pocket and handed

one of those indiscreet epistles, like the Jay Hubbell letters, which he had written during the presidential campaign, aiding the efforts to collect from clerks and other government officials subscriptions to campaign expenses. Although by no means a good letter, I was satisfied that its chief harm to Garfield at that late date lay in the ability to create a mystery about its contents by keeping them from the public eye while still talking about it. I therefore advised its immediate publication, thereby doing away as early as possible with any bad impression which the scene before the committee might make when it came to be known, as it was sure to be-if, indeed, that had not been its design.

I urged that he should not permit it to be held over his head as a menace for a single moment, and that whatever harm was possible from its publication would be less if it came from his friends promptly than if it waited on the opportunity of his enemies, after they had made whatever could be made by withholding its contents. I urged him to let me take it to the Associatel Press that very night. As he was about to hand it to me for that purpose, Mr. Blaine entered the room. The President, turning to him, remarked: "Here, Blaine, is where I have been slopping over again. Here is a copy of one of my letters which Conkling has got hold of, and is threatening to use against me. Dawes advises me to let the Associated Press have it to-night and forestall him." Blaine read the letter and shook his head, advising strongly against its publication. And so the letter never saw the light until such time as Mr. Conkling thought most opportune for his purpose. But he had waited too long, and its effect had been discounted before he used it.

The labor of the committee was in vain, and Mr. Dawes thus describes a final interview with Senator Conkling: I had one more interview with Mr. Conk-

ling after this, and before his resignation and his appeal from a Republican administration in Washington to the Republicans in New York. It was of his own seeking, and occurred only the Saturday afternoon before the resignation was made public. He hailed me from a carriage as I was turning a corner on the sidewalk, and, leaving his carriage, came to where I was standing "for a few minutes' talk." This interview on the corner of the street lasted nearly an hour. Both of us became very earnest, though with entire good feeling he in rehearsing his grievances, and presenting them in new dress, and I in an attempt to point out to him a way not only of settlement, but of triumph over his enemies-a view I thought most likely to prevail with him. I said to him: "Suppose all you say is true"-I always believed that more was his due than he had credit for-"nevertheless this is your opportunity, by a stroke of magnanimity, to win a victory over those who are thus arrayed against you. Go into the Senate on Monday morning and present your indictment, if you choose-as strong a case as facts will permit, the stronger the better for the conclusion. And let that conclusion be a declaration to the Senate and the country that there is something higher in the mission of the Republican party than the redress of personal grievances; that the cause must not be jeopardized by dissension, nor any one relieved from duty at his post, however grievous the wrongs and injustice he has encountered in its discharge; and then call on all friends and foes alike to put the past behind them and close up the ranks with their faces to the future. assured him of my belief that such a speech on Monday morning, made in sincerity and with his power, would send a thrill of joy through every Republican heart in the country, and that he would be hailed as the deliverer of the party from the perils which threatened its integrity. Such a course, I ventured to say, would, believed, put him at once in popular favor | to the truth of the foregoing statement." a hunared miles ahead of those who were wronging him, and would lift the party out of the dangers which beset it. He turned upon me with a discouraged and disgusted look, remarking: "Your medicine, Dawes, is much easier to prescribe than to take. Suppose I could say to you, 'Go home to Massachusetts, and in the spirit of meekness and peace embrace Ben Butler.' Why, you have no idea of the bitterness of feeling in New York in condemnation of these men. If I should take the course you suggest I should myself go under and should be burned in

effigy from Buffalo to Montauk Point, and could not be elected a delegate to a county convention in Oneida county. And so we parted. On Monday he signed, and appealed for indorsement to the Republican Legislature of New York, then in session. They decided against him, and he went into retirement. But the struggle rent the party in twain, and the wounds have never healed. To it more than all else may be traced the present condition of Republican politics in New York. Bitterness and hate, born of this strife, outlived the actors themselves. Disappointed officeseekers turned in wrath upon the appointing power. In two short months from the retirement of Conkling, the President himself was shot by the madman Guiteau, possessed with the idea that in some way his own failure to get office grew out of this unfortunate and fatal quarrel And, as if to make a dramatic climax, it is

said, with how much truth I do not know. that Mr. Conkling did afterward actually fail of an election to an Oneida county con-

AMUSEMENTS.

Rhea's Engagement at English's. At English's to-night and to-morrow night Mlle. Rhea, supported by Mr. W. S. Hart and a capable company, will present "Josephine, Empress of the French," a drama that met with much favor here last season. The subject of the play is familiar to readers of French history, and possesses more than ordinary interest from a dramatic, as well as an historical standpoint. Fewermpresses have been called upon to immolate themselves upon the altar of patriotism, and no woman could have done so with more complete resignation than did Josephine, the first wife of Napoleon and his guiding star during fourteen years of his early brilliant career. Saturday matinee

play, "The Queen of Sheba. Amusement Notes.

and evening Rhea will appear in her new

The Rose Hill Folly Company is pleasing goodly houses daily at the Empire The Wilbur Opera Company is giving entertaining performances of comic opera at the Park, and filling the theater twice daily. Matinee and evening to-day "Madame Boniface" will be given, and to-morrow "Nell Gwynne."

Charles H. Hoyt's new comedy, "A Milk White Flag," which will be produced at the Grand the first partof next week, is on the spectacular order, as fifty performers are employed in it, and the scenery is elaborate and beautiful. It is the most pretentious of Mr. Hoyt's plays, and has scored a great success in the few cities in which it has been presented. The advance sale will begin this morning.

Two Children Lost.

Police Matron Buchanan has received a letter from Mrs. Lizzie Bushaw, of Union City, inquiring about two children, Maggie and Mary Hollingworth, aged eight and six years. The writer says she is the aunt of the children. The letter of inquiry says that Mrs. Hollingworth, in company with her four children, started from Richmond, Ind., in November last to join her husband in the West. On Nov. 20, she and two of her children were killed in a raiiroad wreck a few miles west of St. Louis. The two children were sent by the railroad company to an aunt named Abbie Love, residing at Brightwood. Mrs. Bushaw says she learned of the wreck and deaths on Dec. 28, and desires to locate the children, and asked Mrs. Buchanan to inform her if there are such children at Brightwood. The writer did not know the address of the father, and thought he had not been informed of the death of his wife and children. Nothing is known of the children here.

The Short-Horn Breeders.

The short-horn breeders, at their meeting yesterday, listened to papers presented by Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, of Cambridge City, and G. G. Hill, of Chicago. The papers elicited orief discussions bearing on the short-horn interests of the State, after walch the association went into the election of officers, resulting in the selection of Thomas A. Cotton, of Manilla, as president, and W. S. Robbins, of Horace, as secretary and treasurer.

Woods Charged with Grand Larceny. About 10 o'clock last night Clarence Woods was arrested by detective Thornton for grand larceny. He is thought to be an accomplice of Louis Cummings, arrested during the afternoon by patrolman Richardson for the same offense. They were held in separate cells at the police station last

Commercial Travelers.

The Commercial Travelers' Association of Indiana will meet at 10:30 Saturday morning in the Board of Trade Building instead Senator, sought to ascertain whether the of Friday morning.

MEMORIES OF THE WAR

THE HORRORS OF LIBBY PRISON REVIVED.

AN EVENT WHICH WILL SURPRISE

THE MOST WONDERFUL EXPERI-ENCE OF THE ARMY EVER RECORDED.

EVEN OLD SOLDIERS.

Nobody ever tires of hearing of the thrilling adventures of the war and the wonderful escapes from Libby prison. The recent removal of this famous jail to Chicago renders any facts about it at this time particularly interesting. A most fascinating story has just come

out of a man who passed five months of agony in this prison. The experiences of this person during and since the war are the most remarkable that have ever been brought to public notice. This man is none other than the well-known Mr. L. W. Porter, of West Berlin, Vt. He writes the following interesting letter: "Since my return from the war my health

has been growing poorer from exposure and hard service and the horrors of a five months' imprisonment in Libby prison.' I came home a complete wreck, and was sick for a whole year, during which time I did no work at all, being confined to my bed for about half the time.

"After I got up I was so weak that I could not walk but a short distance and then was obliged to stop and rest. About two years ago I found myself in a very bad condition with nervous prostration, the

results of my long time poor health.



could hear of, with no good results until commenced on Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which relieved me of nervousness and gave me strength so that I was able to walk and work. I consider Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy the best medicine there is for nervousness and to give strength to any weak

"Then personally appeared before me L. W. Porter, of West Berlin, Vt., to me personally known, and subscribed and swore CARLOS L. SMITH, Notary Public.

Well may Mr. Porter be called a hero, well may every inhabitant of the civilized world read of his experience and well may all mankind rejoice at its termination. The horrible sufferings which he experienced from disease were even worse than those of the war and prison. But he is a well man at last, and cannot say enough in praise of this remarkable remedy. His restoration to health after so many years of suffering is indeed most wonderful.

If you are suffering from any form of nervous or chronic disease, indigestion, weakness, kidney or liver complaint, take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve rem-

edy. It will cure you. Dr. Greene, the noted specialist in the cure of all nervous and chronic diseases, can be consulted at his office, 35 W. 14th street, New York, free, personally or by

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-You may possess and exercise it if you will. Beauty's chief charm is a creamy complexion. It ob-

scures a multitude of defects.

FACE BLEACH

makes every face fair-replaces sallowness with the bloom of girlhood.

It is a fragrant lotion-as harmless as it is healing. IT DOES NOT GIVE TO THE FACE A FADED OR WASHED-OUT APPEARANCE AS ITS NAME MIGHT IMPLY.

Guaranteed to cure the most obstinate Freckles in 60 days: Eczema in 30 days; Pimples, Acne, Tan, Sallowness, Rough and Reddened Skin, Excessive Oiliness, Blackheads, etc., in 10 to 20 days.

All Druggists sell it for 75 cts. per bottle,

and refund the money if it fails. For sale by F. Will Pantzer, Geo W. Sloan, H. C. Pomeroy, J. W. Bryan, F. H. Carter, W. E. McMillan, C. T. Bedford, Lambert Pharmacy, L. S. Stockman, Fred A Mueller, Wm. H. Stocker, L. A. Gable, I. L. Klingensmith, I. N. Heims, Geo. F. Borst, S. Muhl's Drug Stores, C. H. Broich, Jos. R. Perry, Taylor & Lay, J. D. Gauld, Conrad Keller, Geo. M. Weber, J. A. Haag.

A Word

TO BUSINESS MEN

You want to increase your trade and THE JOURNAL can help you. Its columns are open to you at reasonable rates, and if you! will persistently and judiciously tell people what you have to sell you will get customers, in spite of hard times. TELEPHONE 238, and a solicitor will call, who will give you information about your advertising business that will be worth money to you.

~~~~~ NOW IS THE TIME.

Sunday Journal, by mail, \$2 a Year